## **Introduced by Assembly Member Murray**

January 23, 1997

An act to amend Sections 1785.14, 1785.16, 1785.30, 1785.31, and 1785.33 of the Civil Code, and to add Section 530.5 to the Penal Code, relating to personal information.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 156, as introduced, Murray. Personal information: credit reporting agencies: misappropriation of identity.

(1) The existing Consumer Credit Reporting Agencies Act provides for the regulation of consumer credit reporting agencies that regularly engage in whole or in part in the business assembling evaluating consumer or information or other information on consumers for purpose of furnishing consumer credit reports to 3rd parties. Existing law prohibits a consumer credit reporting agency from furnishing a consumer credit report to any person unless it has reasonable grounds to believe that the consumer credit report will be used by this person for expressly provided purposes.

This bill would additionally require a prospective user of the consumer credit report to provide the consumer credit agency with at least 4 distinct items of information regarding the consumer that correctly matches information within a file assembled by the consumer credit reporting agency and to certify, in specified instances, that it requires a photo identification of an applicant for credit.

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(2) The act specifies procedures for the consumer credit reporting agency to follow in case a consumer disputes the completeness or accuracy of any item of information contained in his or her file.

This bill would revise these procedures to, among other things, provide that, if a consumer credit reporting agency reinvestigates the information in dispute, it shall require the person who had provided the information in dispute to provide any and all writings, documents, or other evidence upon which the person bases his or her claim that the information is accurate. It would require the consumer credit reporting agency to provide copies of this evidence to the consumer if the agency concludes that the information is accurate and to immediately delete the information if it does not receive the evidence within a specified period.

The bill would provide that a consumer may require a consumer credit reporting agency to insert a permanent statement within his or her file to notify any prospective user of the information that the consumer does not authorize the issuance of credit in his or her name without specified oral authorization from the consumer.

(3) The act prescribes civil remedies for the violation of the act and provides that the prevailing parties in any action commenced to obtain these remedies shall be entitled to recover court costs and reasonable attorney's fees. The act also prescribes a 2 year statute of limitations from the date liability arises under the act.

This bill would provide that the prevailing plaintiff shall be entitled to recover these costs and attorney's fees unless the plaintiff only seeks and obtains injunctive relief to compel compliance with the act. This bill would revise the statute of limitations to 2 years from the date when the plaintiff knew of, or should have known of, the violation of the act.

(4) This bill would also provide that it is a misdemeanor or felony, as determined by the prosecution, for a person to intentionally misappropriate and use another individual's personal identifying information and obtain, or attempt to obtain, credit, goods, or services in the name of the other

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person without the consent of that person. By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(5) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1785.14 of the Civil Code is 2 amended to read:

3 1785.14. (a) Every consumer credit reporting agency shall maintain reasonable procedures designed to avoid violations of Section 1785.13 and to limit furnishing of consumer credit reports to the purposes listed under 1785.11. These procedures shall require that prospective users of the information identify themselves, certify the purposes for which the information is sought 10 and certify that the information will be used for no other 11 purposes. From the effective date of this 12 consumer credit reporting agency shall keep a record of 13 the purposes as stated by the user. Every consumer credit 14 reporting agency shall make a reasonable effort to verify 15 the identity of a new prospective user and the uses 16 certified by such the prospective user prior to furnishing such the user a consumer report. No consumer credit 17 reporting agency may furnish a consumer credit report to any person unless it all of the following requirements 20 are met:

- 21 (1) The consumer credit reporting agency has 22 reasonable grounds for believing that the consumer 23 credit report will be used by such the person for purposes 24 listed in Section 1785.11.
- 25 (2) The person provides the consumer credit 26 reporting agency with at least four distinct items of 27 information regarding a consumer that correctly matches

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information within the file maintained by the consumer 2 credit reporting agency on a consumer. The items of 3 information may include, but are not limited to, complete 4 first and last name, birthdate, mother's maiden name, 5 driver's license number, place of employment, 6 residence address.

- (3) If the prospective user intends to issue a firm offer of credit to an individual on the basis of an application for credit submitted in person, the prospective user certifies 10 that it requires a photo identification of the applicant at the time the application is submitted and that the 12 prospective user, or an employee thereof, matches the 13 photo identification to the applicant, makes a photocopy 14 thereof, and attaches the photocopy to the application.
- (b) Whenever a consumer credit reporting agency 16 prepares a consumer credit report, it shall follow reasonable procedures to assure maximum possible accuracy of the information concerning the individual about whom the report relates. These reasonable 20 procedures shall include, but not be limited to, storage in 21 a permanent, individualized file for each consumer of the indicia of identity used by the agency when it furnishes a credit report on the consumer.
- (c) No consumer credit reporting agency 25 prohibit any user of any consumer credit report furnished 26 by the consumer credit reporting agency from disclosing the contents of the consumer credit report to the consumer who is the subject of the report if adverse action may be taken by the user based in whole or in part 30 on the consumer credit report. The act of disclosure to the consumer by the user of the contents of a consumer credit 32 report shall not be a basis for liability of the consumer credit reporting agency or the user under Section 1785.31.
- (d) A consumer credit reporting agency shall provide 35 a written notice to any person who regularly and in the 36 ordinary course of business supplies information to the consumer credit reporting agency concerning consumer or to whom a consumer credit report is provided by the consumer credit reporting agency. The 40 notice shall specify the person's obligations under this

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title. Copies of the appropriate code sections shall satisfy the requirement of this subdivision.

SEC. 2. Section 1785.16 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

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1785.16. (a) If the completeness or accuracy of any item of information contained in his or her file is disputed by a consumer, and the dispute is conveyed directly to the consumer credit reporting agency by the consumer or user on behalf of the consumer, the consumer credit reporting agency shall within a reasonable period of time 10 and without charge reinvestigate and record the current status of the disputed information before the end of the 12 30-business-day period beginning on the date the agency 14 receives notice of the dispute from the consumer or user, 15 unless the consumer credit reporting agency 16 reasonable grounds to believe and determines that the 17 dispute by the consumer is frivolous or irrelevant, 18 including by reason of a failure of the consumer to 19 provide sufficient information, as requested by 20 consumer credit reporting agency, to resolve the dispute. 21 Unless the consumer credit reporting agency determines 22 that the dispute is frivolous or irrelevant, before the end of the five-business-day period beginning on the date the consumer credit reporting agency receives notice of dispute under this section, the agency shall notify any person who provided information in dispute at the address and in the manner specified by the person. A consumer credit reporting agency may require disputes by consumers be in writing.

(b) In conducting such a reinvestigation the consumer 31 credit reporting agency shall review and consider all 32 relevant information submitted by the consumer with respect to the disputed item of information. If the 34 consumer credit reporting agency determines that dispute is frivolous or irrelevant, it shall notify 36 consumer by mail or, if authorized by the consumer for that purpose, by any other means available to consumer credit reporting agency, within five business after that determination is made that terminating its reinvestigation of the item of information. **AB 156** -6-

In this notification, the consumer credit reporting agency shall state the specific reasons why it has determined that the consumer's dispute is frivolous or irrelevant. If a reinvestigation is made, the consumer credit reporting agency shall require the person who had submitted the disputed information to provide the consumer credit reporting agency with any and all writings, documents, or other evidence upon which the person had based his or her claim that the information is accurate. If, after having 10 received the writings, documents, and other evidence, the credit reporting agency concludes that the disputed 12 information is accurate, the credit reporting agency shall 13 immediately notify the consumer of that conclusion and 14 provide the consumer with copies of all the writings, 15 documents, and other evidence provided by the person 16 who had submitted the disputed information to the credit reporting agency. If the person who had submitted the 17 18 disputed information does not provide the writings, 19 documents, or other evidence of the accuracy of the 20 disputed information within the 30-day reinvestigation 21 period specified in subdivision (a). the 22 information shall be immediately deleted and may not be 23 reinserted. If a reinvestigation is made and, after 24 reinvestigation, the disputed item of information is found to be missing, inaccurate, or can no longer be verified by the evidence submitted, the consumer credit reporting 27 agency shall promptly add, correct, or delete 28 information from the consumer's file. 29

(c) No information may be reinserted in a consumer's 30 file after having been deleted pursuant to this section unless the person who furnishes the information verifies that the information is accurate. If any information so deleted from a consumer's file is reinserted in the file, the 34 consumer credit reporting agency shall promptly notify notifies the consumer of the reinsertion in writing or, if authorized by the consumer for that purpose, by any other means available to the consumer credit reporting agency. As part of, or in addition to, this notice the consumer credit reporting agency shall, within five business days of reinserting the information, provide the

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consumer in writing (1) a statement that the disputed information has been reinserted, (2) a notice that the agency will provide to the consumer, within 15 days following a request, the name, address, and telephone number of any furnisher of information contacted or which contacted the consumer credit reporting agency in connection with the reinsertion. (3) the 8 telephone number of the consumer credit reporting 9 agency that the consumer can use to obtain this name, 10 address, and telephone number, and (4) a notice that the consumer has the right to a reinvestigation of the information reinserted by the consumer credit reporting 12 agency and to add a statement to his or her file disputing 13 the accuracy or completeness of the information.

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(d) A consumer credit reporting agency shall provide the consumer of the results of 16 notice to reinvestigation under this subdivision, within five days of 18 completion of the reinvestigation. The notice shall include (1) a statement that the reinvestigation completed, (2) a consumer credit report that is based on 21 the consumer's file as that file is revised as a result of the reinvestigation, (3) a description or indication of any changes made in the consumer credit report as a result of those revisions to the consumer's file, (4) a notice that, if 25 requested by the consumer, a description procedure used to determine the accuracy completeness of the information shall be provided to the 28 consumer by the consumer credit reporting agency, 29 including the name, business address, and telephone 30 number of any furnisher of information contacted in connection with that information, (5) a notice that the 32 consumer has the right to add a statement to the consumer's file disputing the accuracy or completeness of the information, and (6) a notice that the consumer has 34 35 the right to request that the consumer credit reporting agency furnish notifications under subdivision (h). A consumer credit reporting agency shall provide the this subdivision respecting notice pursuant to the procedure used to determine the accuracy and **AB 156 —8** —

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completeness of information, not later than 15 days after receiving a request from the consumer.

- (e) The presence of information in the consumer's file that contradicts the contention of the consumer shall not, in and of itself, constitute reasonable grounds for believing the dispute is frivolous or irrelevant.
- (f) If the consumer credit reporting determines that the dispute is frivolous or irrelevant, or if the reinvestigation does not resolve the dispute, or if the 10 information is reinserted into the consumer's pursuant to subdivision (c), the consumer may file a brief 12 statement setting forth the nature of the dispute. The 13 consumer credit reporting agency may limit these 14 statements to not more than 100 words if it provides the consumer with assistance in writing a clear summary of 16 the dispute.
- (g) Whenever a statement of dispute is filed, the 18 consumer credit reporting agency shall. credit subsequent consumer report containing the information in question, clearly note that the information is disputed by the consumer and shall include in the report either the consumer's statement or a clear and accurate summary thereof.
- (h) Following the deletion of information from a 25 consumer's file pursuant to this section, or following the 26 filing of a statement of dispute pursuant to subdivision (f), 27 the consumer credit reporting agency shall, 28 request of the consumer, furnish notification that the 29 item of information has been deleted or that the item of 30 information disputed. is In the case of information, the notification shall include the statement 32 or summary of the dispute filed pursuant to subdivision (f). This notification shall be furnished to any person, 34 specifically designated by the consumer, who has, within 35 two years prior to the deletion or the filing of the dispute, 36 received a consumer credit report concerning consumer for employment purposes, or who has, within 38 six months of the deletion or the filing of the dispute, received a consumer credit report concerning consumer for any other purpose, if these consumer credit

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reports contained the deleted or disputed information. The consumer credit reporting agency shall clearly and conspicuously disclose to the consumer his or her rights to make a request for this notification. The disclosure shall be made at or prior to the time the information is deleted pursuant to this section or the consumer's statement regarding the disputed information is received pursuant to subdivision (f).

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- (i) A consumer credit reporting agency shall maintain designed 10 reasonable procedures to prevent reappearance in a consumer's file and in consumer credit reports of information that has been deleted pursuant to this section and not reinserted pursuant to subdivision 14 (c).
- (j) If the consumer's dispute is resolved by deletion of 16 the disputed information within three business days, beginning with the day the consumer credit reporting agency receives notice of the dispute in accordance with subdivision (a), and provided that verification thereof is provided to the consumer in writing within five business days following the deletion, then the consumer credit 22 reporting agency shall be exempt from requirements for 23 further action under subdivisions (d), (f), and (g).
- consumer may require a consumer 25 reporting agency to insert a permanent statement within 26 his or her file to notify any prospective user that the consumer does not authorize the issuance of credit in his or her name unless the issuer of the credit obtains oral authorization from the consumer at a phone number designated by the consumer.
- 31 SEC. 3. Section 1785.30 of the Civil Code is amended 32 to read:
- 1785.30. Upon notification of the results of a reporter's 34 reinvestigation pursuant to Section 1785.16, an applicant may make a written demand on any person furnishing 36 information to the reporter to correct any information which the applicant believes to be inaccurate. The person upon whom such the written demand is made shall acknowledge the demand within 30 days. The applicant may require the reporter to indicate on any subsequent

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reports issued during the dispute that the item or items of information are in dispute. If upon investigation the 3 information is found to be inaccurate or incorrect, the applicant may require the reporter to delete or correct such the item or items of information within a reasonable 6 time. If within 90 days the reporter does not receive any information from the person requested to furnish the 8 any communication relative to 9 information from such this person, the applicant may 10 require the reporter to shall delete such the information from the report. 12

- SEC. 4. Section 1785.31 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 13
- 1785.31. (a) Any consumer who suffers damages as a 15 result of a violation of this title by any person may bring 16 an action in a court of appropriate jurisdiction against that person to recover the following:
- (1) In the case of a negligent violation, actual damages, 19 including court costs, loss of wages, attorney's fees and, when applicable, pain and suffering.
  - (2) In the case of a willful violation:
  - (A) Actual damages as set forth in paragraph (1) above:
- (B) Punitive damages of not less than one hundred 25 dollars (\$100) nor more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each violation as the court deems proper;
  - (C) Any other relief which the court deems proper.
- (3) In the case of liability of a natural person for obtaining a consumer credit report under false pretenses or knowingly without a permissible purpose, an award of damages pursuant paragraph to subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) shall be in an amount of not less than two thousand five hundred dollars 34 (\$2,500).
- (b) In addition to any other remedy contained in this 36 section, injunctive Injunctive relief shall be available to any applicant aggrieved by a violation or a threatened violation of this title.
- 39 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision this willfully 40 section, any person who any

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requirement imposed under this title may be liable for punitive damages in the case of a class action, in such an amount that the court may allow. In determining the amount of award in any class action, the court shall consider among relevant factors the amount of any actual damages awarded, the frequency of the violations, the resources of the violator and the number of persons 8 adversely affected. 9

(d) The prevailing parties in any action commenced 10 under this section shall be entitled to recover court costs and reasonable attorney's fees, unless the plaintiff only seeks and obtains injunctive relief to compel compliance with this title. If the plaintiff only seeks and obtains 14 injunctive relief to compel compliance with this title, court costs and attorney's fees shall be awarded pursuant 16 to Section 1021.5 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

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- SEC. 5. Section 1785.33 of the Civil Code is amended 18 to read:
- 1785.33. An action to enforce any liability created 20 under this chapter may be brought in any appropriate court of competent jurisdiction within two years from the 22 date on which the liability arises the plaintiff knew of, or 23 should have known of, the violation of this title except that where a defendant has materially and willfully information required misrepresented any under chapter to be disclosed to a consumer and the information so misrepresented is material to the establishment of the defendant's liability to the consumer under this chapter, the action may be brought at any time within two years discovery the after the by consumer misrepresentation.
- 32 SEC. 6. Section 530.5 is added to the Penal Code, to 33 read:
- 34 530.5. Every who intentionally person 35 misappropriates and uses another individual's personal 36 identifying information and obtains, or attempts to obtain, credit, goods, or services in the name of the other person without the consent of that person is guilty of a public offense, and upon conviction therefor, shall be

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punished by imprisonment in a county jail not to exceed one year, or by imprisonment in the state prison.

SEC. 7. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act shall become operative on the same date that the act takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.